

SIPP ACCUSED OF FELONY AND ARRESTED IN JERSEY

Atlantic City Police Get Vice Witness Who Flew From New York.

TRACED BY DOUGHERTY

Whitman Finds Cause for Discrediting Story of Attack on Schlaicht.

George A. Sipp, former proprietor of the Baltic Hotel, at Lexington avenue and 14th street, who testified to payment for police protection before the grand jury on December 18, was arrested last night in Atlantic City at the request of the New York police.

The arrest was made on a warrant charging him with a felony, which makes extradition proceedings possible.

Sipp was living at the Wilshire Hotel in Atlantic City under the name of Grant R. McNulty. Deputy Commissioner Dougherty traced him there and telephoned to the police asking for Sipp's arrest. A warrant had been issued by Chief Magistrate McAloo earlier in the day.

At 8:30 o'clock last night word that Sipp was under arrest came by telephone. Detective John J. Tait, who made the affidavit on which the warrant was issued, and left New York for Atlantic City in the meantime with the warrant for Sipp.

Requisition formalities will be necessary before the warrant can be brought back unless he waives his rights.

The police have the affidavits of two women and several men to support the charge against Sipp. One of the witnesses mentioned by the women is alleged to have occurred as late as December 10 last.

In his testimony before the Curran committee Sipp told of paying protection money to Policemen Eugene Fox, Thomas McDonnell and William Whitman. The committee was told that Sipp was arrested. This was after Sipp had reported his story at Police Headquarters. The hotel man told his story under oath this second time, Commissioner Dougherty said last night. Sipp left town soon after this visit to Headquarters.

Reported assault on Harry H. Schlaicht, superintendent of the East Side Protective Association, who is to testify before the Curran committee about alleged graft paid to policemen by pushcart peddlers, was subjected yesterday to two investigations.

Detectives from the detective bureau and Barney Flood and Al Thomas, attached to District Attorney Whitman's office, worked on the case. After Flood and Thomas reported to him last night, District Attorney Whitman said:

"I have sent the best men in my office to investigate this matter. On their report I am somewhat skeptical as to the truth of the story. I will, however, not allow any evidence to be presented which every opportunity to present any possible evidence tending to establish the commission of a crime. If the story is true of course it reveals a situation too serious to be ignored, but neither the Alderman committee nor the District Attorney's office can afford to permit the work to be influenced by the clamor of the mob or by the desire only to create a sensation."

Deputy Commissioner Dougherty, in his report on the matter to Commissioner Waldo, dismisses Schlaicht's story with less ceremony.

According to the report of Harry Schlaicht that he was assaulted and robbed at 1 Avenue B, the Deputy Commissioner reports, "I have the honor to report that from thorough investigation made by detectives of the Seventh precinct no evidence was secured to verify the truthfulness of this report."

Schlaicht spent the day yesterday until 4 o'clock in the afternoon at his home at 208 Ryckman street. He called on Emory R. Buckner, counsel for the Curran committee, to whom he had arranged to tell more details of his story yesterday morning, and informed Mr. Buckner that he would be unable to keep the appointment because of his condition following the assault. He appeared at his office at 1 Avenue B at 4 o'clock, where he was met by a physician, Dr. A. Rosenberg. Dr. Rosenberg made a careful examination of the young man. Schlaicht is only 18 years old, and said that he found him suffering from a sore on the neck and bruises with evidence of a slight concussion of the brain.

Several books of pushcart peddlers, which Schlaicht had obtained for the purposes of his investigation and which he had in his office, he said yesterday, were only two had been stolen. Others had been mutilated, but not so as to prevent their being read.

Detectives Flood and Thomas took with them a handkerchief which Schlaicht said had been placed over his face by his assailant. The handkerchief showed signs of sulphur stains and had a strong odor of sulphur about it.

Schlaicht said yesterday that several peddlers on whom he had counted as witnesses had told him that a man prominent in the affairs of one of the pushcart organizations had been to the committee and advised them against saying anything. He complained that Deputy Commissioner Flood had agreed that he should be present when certain of the witnesses were examined, but that he was refused admittance to the Deputy Commissioner's office when some of these witnesses were examined.

Schlaicht said that soon after the first pushcart peddlers in the city have been examined. Another source of graft which he points out results from the ordinance against peddlers remaining in the same place except for a certain length of time.

Detective Carl W. Kotschen, who was accused by Barney Seidner of having threatened him if he testified against Seidner, said that he had been dismissed from the Police Department on charges on which he was suspended before Seidner made his complaint.

Mrs. Finch Bride of Editor.

John O'Hara, associate editor, and Jessica Harrison Finch were married yesterday at the bride's country home at Belle Haven, Conn. Mr. O'Hara was the editor of the *Evening Magazine* and later of *Collier's* and is now editing the magazine of the *New York World*. The bride is the daughter of the late John H. Finch, who was president of the Equi Franchise Society last year.

Aviator's Wife Sues for Divorce.

San Francisco, Jan. 4.—Mrs. Lincoln Beachey, wife of an aviator, today filed application for divorce. Her complaint charges that since their marriage in 1906, her husband has been guilty of extreme cruelty.

FIGHT FOR SIGHTSEEING CARS.

Too Big to Obey Waldo's Order and Business Going to Smash.

Alleging that its business is threatened with ruin because of an order by Police Commissioner Waldo, the Swiss-Alka Tons Company, operating the green sightseeing cars, filed suit in the Supreme Court yesterday for an injunction restraining the Police Commissioner and City Magistrate Herbert from prosecuting six of its chauffeurs for permitting their cars to stand in Broadway in front of the company's office at Twenty-third street.

The complaint states that the Police Commissioner recently issued an order that no vehicles over 18 feet wide or sixteen feet long would be permitted to stand in Broadway, Fifth avenue, in any street used for fire runs or in streets less than twenty-two feet wide between the street car track and the curb. The complaint declares this order prevents any of the plaintiffs' cars, valued at more than \$25,000, from standing in front of the company's office, and as they cannot be relied to come within the specifications permitted by the company's business will suffer.

The company alleges that the Police Commissioner is attempting to fix an arbitrary standard for the regulation of sightseeing cars, although the business is of great benefit to the city by advertising the beauties of New York to visitors.

The company therefore asks that the proceedings against the chauffeurs be stayed until the court decides the injunction case.

PRAYERS FOR WOMAN SUFFRAGE.

Dr. Anna Howard Shaw Suggests Daily One Minute Supplications.

One minute prayers for the success of woman suffrage will be offered every day at noon by the religiously inclined. A recommendation made yesterday by Dr. Anna Howard Shaw is carried out.

Dr. Shaw said that the English women are praying for the success of their cause, and she thought it would be a good thing if the American women did the same. She is opposed to English militant methods as a rule, but says that militant Christianity is perfectly allowable.

"It would be a good thing," she said yesterday, "for it would prove that suffering is not the irrational, emotional, hysterical thing some people say it is. It would do the women themselves good. And it would be good for the legislators too if they knew we were systematically praying for success. I don't think it would really cause the Almighty to change His attitude. But then I don't think His attitude needs changing."

"I would perhaps have some effect on the churches, and that is needed. The Church is a cowardly institution on the subject of actual work for reforms. Most reforms have their origin in the Church. But as soon as they reach the active state the Church kicks them out and goes on teaching old myths and teaching present problems. Instead of the stereotyped routine exhortation to 'be good' and 'be religious' and persons in the old Testament (persons who would be in jail if they lived today) to let the churches ought to be fighting modern evils, such as the white slave traffic."

CHICAGO "SLUSH FUND." \$100,000.

Big Police Scandal Disclosed by Patrolman on Stand.

Chicago, Jan. 4.—The slush fund scandal today when one patrolman admitted he had collected about \$2,200 from patrolmen in his own station.

This fund, the patrolman said, he understood was to be used for the purpose of bribing members of the city Council and the State Legislature in an effort to obtain legislation that would benefit the members of the department. This startling and unexpected development in the police service investigation into the political activities of the United Police was made by Marshall A. Wheeler, stationed at the seventeenth and Randolph precinct.

The testimony of Wheeler not only corroborated other testimony regarding the collection of the "slush fund," but showed that on the basis of the amount obtained by him there might have been a fund of close to \$100,000.

WOMAN FOUND ILL IN HOTEL.

Registered as Mrs. G. H. Livingston of Kansas City.

A woman who registered at the Hotel Belmont, Forty-second street and Park avenue, last night as Mrs. G. H. Livingston of Kansas City, Mo., was found a short time later lying partly conscious on her bed and groaning. An empty bottle that gave out an odor of chloroform was found on the dressing table.

Dr. Peter J. Gibbons, the hotel physician, hurried to the woman in the elevator. He found her lying on the bed, and she revived enough to talk, but refused to tell anything about herself. She collapsed when she reached the hospital, but it was said there that she probably would recover. The case was reported to the West Thirtieth street police station as an attempted suicide. Mrs. Livingston was not known at the Belmont.

The woman was revived at the hospital and said she was Grace H. Livingston, a widow of Kansas City, and that she had been in a Western sanatorium for nervous prostration. She said she had been taking medicine which had chloroform in it.

TWO BOY SKATERS DROWN.

Thin Ice Broke, But Their Companions Escaped.

Middletown, N. Y., Jan. 4.—Emory Goff and William Hill, fourteen-year-old schoolboy chums, were skating with two other boys on a small pond in the outskirts of the city this afternoon. They had been warned that the warm weather had weakened the ice, but they thought it safe.

All four were on the ice when it suddenly gave way. Two managed to break their way ashore, but Goff and Hill apparently were caught under the ice. The two who got out called assistance and the body of young Hill was recovered. Artificial respiration was resorted to in vain. The other body was not recovered for several hours.

STERN BROTHERS

are showing Additional Spring Importations of exclusive

Novelty Dress Silks

And will place on Sale To-morrow, a Special Offering of

Brocaded Satin Charmeuse, 40 inches wide, in new Spring colorings and black. Value \$2.50 Yd. at **\$1.58**

Plain Satin Charmeuse, in a full line of colors, also white, ivory and black. Value \$2.00 Yd. at **1.30**

Black Satin Imperial, double width, 40 ins. wide. Value \$2.00 Yd. **1.35**

High Class Foreign Novelties in Cotton and Linen Dress Fabrics

are on exhibition in unusually large assortments.

Also for To-morrow, Monday.

250 Pieces French Ramie Linen, 46 inches wide, superior quality, pure flax, in an exceptionally large assortment of the most fashionable shades, also black and white. Regular Price 85c Yard at **39c**

Satin Striped Chiffon Voiles, in plain colors, including the new pastel shades, also white grounds with colored stripes and French printed floral effects. Regular Price 55c Yard at **28c**

To-morrow, Continuation Sale of Household and Decorative Linens

At Extraordinary Reductions from Former Prices

Satin Damask Table Cloths, at \$1.50 to 8.45 Formerly \$2.50 to 17.50

Napkins, Dozen \$1.50 to 10.25 Formerly \$2.50 to 21.00

Heavy Satin Double Damask Dinner Napkins, extra large. Formerly \$8.75 Dozen. at **4.95**

Satin Damask Table Linen, Yard 75c, 88c, 95c Formerly \$1.00, 1.25 and 1.65

Linen Sheets, hemstitched, Pair \$3.25 to 9.50 Formerly \$4.50 to 12.75

Linen Pillow Cases, hemstitched, Pair 88c to 2.25 Formerly \$1.25 to 3.00

Pillow Cases, embroidered, Pair \$1.45 to 2.50 Formerly \$2.25 to 3.50

Huck Towels, hemstitched, Dozen 2.90 to 5.38 Formerly \$4.20 to 7.20

Bed Spreads, at 95c to 3.50 Formerly \$1.25 to 4.75

West 23d and 22d Streets

GARMENT STRIKERS RIOT AS PEACE MOVE FAILS

Women Jeer and Men Cheer When Mob Pelts a Police Captain.

THREE FINED FOR FIGHTING

100,000 Out, and Strike Extends After Workers Reject Arbitration Offer.

The efforts which had been going on daily since last Monday through the committee on arbitration of the Chamber of Commerce to bring about a settlement of the garment workers' strike were given up yesterday and it was admitted on both sides that unless something entirely unexpected happened the battle is on to a finish. The union representatives at the meetings in the rooms of the Chamber of Commerce would not accept the suggestion of a truce pending an investigation by a commission of the conditions and thereupon the negotiations were called off.

Meantime the riotous proceedings which have been a feature of the strike almost from the start continued and fights, accompanied by arrests, followed the employment of strike breakers or the refusal of workers to join in the strike.

Charles Bernheimer, chairman of the committee on arbitration of the Chamber of Commerce, speaking yesterday of the unsuccessful attempt of his committee to settle the strike said:

"Last Monday a committee of the Chamber of Commerce invited representatives of the New York Clothing Trade Association, of the United Garment Workers of America and of the public to meet with it at the chamber to enable it to secure information regarding the strike situation. It was so evident that the strike in this industry, one of the largest and most important in New York, threatened to impair the commercial prestige of the city as well as to cause a large amount of suffering to many thousands of its people that the chamber wished to adopt all possible means to effect resumption of work at the earliest practicable moment."

others to be named by the Chamber of Commerce, subject to the approval of both parties."

Mr. Bernheimer went on to say that as it seemed clear that the working conditions in the shops of the firms represented in the association were materially better than in most other shops in the city, though the wages and working hours were not satisfactory to the workers, and the manufacturers were willing to adopt suggestions for further improvement in trade conditions, work be resumed in these shops pending the report of the investigators. Non-association firms, it stated, would be brought to the same standard.

Under existing conditions, however, Mr. Bernheimer concluded, "The gentlemen representing the union stated that their people would not go back to work without specific concessions in wages and hours, and that therefore they were unable to accept the suggestions of the Chamber of Commerce."

Meetings of the strikers were held all day and efforts were brought into the streets that the strike had extended. Efforts to extend the strike were not accompanied at all times with the peaceable spirit the strike leaders say they want to prevail in this strike. A crowd of over 1,500 men and women congregated at the factory of Alfred Benninger & Co. in Lafayette street and made threatening demonstrations at non-union workers. Policemen Ransgers and Tarkes, who were on guard, tried to drive the strikers away, but the latter shouted derisively and the women made contemptuous gestures.

The policemen used their nightsticks vigorously and the crowd fought back. Reserves were summoned from the New York station in charge of Capt. Sobell. Sobell had no sooner appeared on the scene than he was struck in the face with an apple, whereas the women screamed with delight and the men cheered. Then a brickbat whizzed past his ear and smashed a window as the mob gave way before the reserves. Harry Benjamin of 956 Simpson street was arrested, charged with having thrown the brick.

Another riot took place early yesterday at the factory of the Marx Arnheim Company, Ninth street and Broadway, where a strike disturbance took place on Friday. Joseph Berkely, a private detective, who had incurred the displeasure of the strikers by mixing in the riot of Friday, was the target of attack when 200 or more strikers gathered there yesterday to induce the employees to strike. The crowd began to jeer and he lost his temper and tried to make an arrest, whereupon the whole crowd attacked him, and he was held a bad time of it when two traffic policemen came to his rescue.

Joseph Rosenberg of 141 Broome street, a strike picket, was arrested when found in a fight with William Allegro near one of the factories. Allegro had no license with him, but said he was a private detective. In Jefferson Market court Rosenberg was fined \$10 by Magistrate McAdoo.

Jennie Pressella and Tony Lechnock, both clothing cutters, were fined \$10 each in Essex Market court on charges of disorderly conduct.

STERN BROTHERS

will hold Monday and Tuesday on the Second Floor, New Building.

Their Annual January Sale of Women's High Grade Underwear

which will be found very much superior to that usually offered in sales, comprising an unusually large collection of perfect fitting garments, in up-to-date models, of the best workmanship, materials and trimmings.

At a Saving of fully **33 1/3%** from Regular Values

Gowns, Seventy-five distinctive styles, many taken from French models. at **75c, 95c, 1.15, 1.45 to 3.50**

Combinations, Forty-two styles, with drawers and skirts. at **80c, 98c, 1.20, 1.50 to 3.75**

Corset Covers, Thirty styles, all full models. at **48c, 65c, 80c, 98c to 2.95**

Drawers, Forty-five styles, straight and circular models. at **45c, 59c, 75c, 1.00 to 1.95**

Chemises, Twenty-five entirely new styles, trimmed or untrimmed skirts. at **55c, 69c, 90c, 1.10 to 2.45**

Petticoats, Fifty-five choice styles, with or without underlays, fitted top. at **90c, 1.20, 1.45, 1.85 to 3.95**

Princess Slips, Twenty-five trimmed styles, straight skirt model, with or without underlay. at **95c, 1.25, 1.55, 1.95 to 4.25**

Dressing Sacques, Thirty styles, in white lawn and colored dimities, lace trimmed. at **75c, 98c, 1.10, 1.50 to 4.50**

Boudoir Caps, Twenty styles, copies of French models. at **95c, 1.25, 1.75, 2.00 to 3.50**

An Exceptional Sale will also be held Monday of 1500 Women's and Misses' Petticoats

of Messaline or Silk Jersey Top, superior quality. Usually sold at \$5.00, at **\$2.85**

of Crepe de Chine, in pink and white, trimmed with lace and rosebuds. Usually sold at \$6.00, at **3.75**

To-morrow, Absolute Clearance of their entire stock of Women's Negligees, House Gowns and Kimonos

HOUSE GOWNS

of Meteor and Crepe de Chine, hand embroidered and trimmed with swansdown. at **\$3.95, 8.25** Heretofore \$7.95 to 14.50

Imported Gowns of French Flannel and Albatross, empire and straight models. at **6.75** Reduced from \$13.50

of Crepe de Chine, Messaline, China Silk and Matelasse, one of a kind, odd sizes. **\$8.50, 14.75, 24.50** Heretofore \$25.00 to 75.00

Imported Gowns of All Silk Zenana and Knitted Fleece Cloth. at **\$18.75, 23.50** Heretofore \$27.50 to 37.50

Japanese Quilted Robes, Plain and Embroidered. at **4.95, 7.25**

KIMONOS

of Flowered Crepon and Flannelette. at **85c, 1.18** Heretofore \$1.35 to 1.75

of Florentine Silk and Dotted Foulards. at **\$2.50, 3.45** Heretofore \$3.75 to 4.95

of Albatross, with voile collar and cuffs, or scalloped edge. at **2.95** Reduced from \$4.50

of French Challie, straight and empire models. at **4.95** Heretofore \$6.25 to 9.75

Blanket Robes, in large and small designs. **\$2.45, 3.25** Heretofore \$3.75 to 5.50

Eiderdown Robes, in all colors. at **\$2.75, 4.25** Heretofore \$3.75 to 5.75

West Twenty-third and Twenty-second Streets

SULZER WANTS SEVEN ON NEW COMMISSION

Governor Will Insist on Retention of Cram and Williams.

It Is Said.

LEGISLATION IS AT HAND

Movement to Keep Wilcox and Maltbie on Revamped Public Service Body.

Gov. Sulzer, who was authoritatively learned last night, believes that if the Public Service Commissions of the two departments, down State and up State, are to be wiped out and a new single commission for the entire State is to be substituted by Charles F. Murphy and his Democratic legislators at Albany the new commission should be composed of seven members, not five, as heretofore contemplated. Mr. Murphy, it was added, will insist upon the retention of Commissioners J. Sergeant Cram and C. V. Williams on the new single commission.

It was stated with equal certainty that legislation looking to the revamping of the Public Service Commissions as thus described will be introduced at Albany as quickly as possible and that William R. Wilcox, Republican chairman of the First district commission, shall be appointed to the new commission. The Democrats interested in the new legislation stated that Milo R. Maltbie, another Republican, whose term as a New York city commissioner expires February 1, 1915, should also be appointed along with Mr. Wilcox to the new single commission for the reason that Mr. Wilcox and Mr. Maltbie have been indefatigable in their labors for the new subway and have the most familiar knowledge of the great problems involved of the New York city commissions.

It is proposed to keep the new single commission in the hands of the Democrats by appointing five Democrats to the commission along with the two Republicans. Mr. Wilcox and Mr. Maltbie. It was stated also that John N. Carlisle of Watertown, formerly commissioner for the second department, appointed by the Legislature, will be the up-State commissioner on the new single commission. Mr. Carlisle is now chairman of the State

FEEDS BABY SISTER ANTISEPTIC.

Boy of Five and Playmate, Play Does for With Infant.

Joseph Cohen, 5 years old, of 678 Dawson street, The Bronx, and William Deutsch of the same age, living in the same house, played "doctor" yesterday afternoon in the Cohen flat, with Joseph a two-week-old sister, Fanny, as patient. They fed her two spoonfuls of an antiseptic lotion. Some of the stuff got into the baby's eyes and she screamed with pain.

Her mother, Mrs. Alexander Cohen, ran in and an ambulance was called from the Latham Hospital, where the child was taken. She is not expected to live.

"77" FOR GRIP & COLDS

If your bones ache, your nose runs and you have the blues, you've got the Grip.

If you take "Seventy-seven" at once, you don't have to go to bed or stay in doors, you can go about your business and attend to your duties—only be moderate in living, eating, drinking, &c.

If you wait till your bones ache and you begin to cough and sneeze, it may take longer. It pays to keep "Seventy-seven" handy, it is a small vial of pleasant pellets, fits the vest pocket. At your Druggist, 25c., or mailed.

Humphreys' Home, Medicine Co., 126 William St., New York.

Advertisement.